

Sleep Disordered Breathing and Obstructive Sleep
Apnea are very common amongst patients with Type 2
Diabetes Mellitus, however it is largely undiagnosed. It is
independently associated with insulin resistance,
glucose intolerance and Metabolic Syndrome. When
untreated, it leads to poor overall outcomes. The
accumulated research and International Diabetes
Federation recognises that Type 2 Diabetic patients may
be at risk of sleep apnea and should be screened as a
standard part of diabetes management. Evidence of
Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (CPAP) therapy for
Type 2 Diabetic patients suggest that those identified
and treated for sleep apnea will have improved clinical
outcomes.

If you have any symptoms that could be associated with Sleep Apnea and you have Diabetes speak to your doctor today.

Call our friendly and informative Sleep Team.Phone: (02) 4044 1260